FILED IN THE U.S. DISTRICT COURT

Dec 30, 2022

SEAN F. McAVOY, CLERK

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON

9 JAMES BENJAMIN BARSTAD, 11 Plaintiff, 12 v. 13 14 WASHINGTON DEPARTMENT 15 OF CORRECTIONS, C/O 1915(g) 16 ALVAREZ, C/O ANA GARIBAY-17 ORTIZ, C/O MARLENE 18 GONZALEZ, ROY GONZALEZ, 19 LT. DANIEL HOLLIBAUGH, C/O 20 BARBARA JACKSON, TRACY 21 SCHNEIDER, 22 C/O VICTORIA TAPIA and SGT. 23 JOHN TURNER, Defendants. 24

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No. 4:22-CV-05090-SAB

ORDER DISMISSING FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT

By Order filed October 21, 2022, the Court advised Plaintiff of the deficiencies of his complaint and directed him to amend or voluntarily dismiss within sixty (60) days. ECF No. 14. Plaintiff, prisoner at the Coyote Ridge

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Corrections Center, is proceeding pro se and in forma pauperis; Defendants have not been served. Plaintiff filed a First Amended Complaint on November 10, 2022. ECF No. 15.

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Generally, an amended complaint supersedes the original complaint and renders it without legal effect. Lacey v. Maricopa County, 693 F.3d 896, 927 (9th Cir. 2012). Therefore, "[a]ll causes of action alleged in an original complaint which are not alleged in an amended complaint are waived." King v. Atiyeh, 814 F.2d 565, 567 (9th Cir. 1987) (citing London v. Coopers & Lybrand, 644 F.2d 811, 814 (9th Cir. 1981)), overruled in part by Lacey, 693 F.3d at 928 (holding that any claims voluntarily dismissed are considered to be waived if not re-pled).

Once again, Plaintiff names a Defendant, Washington Department of Corrections, who is not susceptible to suit under Section 1983. See Will v. Mich. 13 Dept. of State Police, 491 U.S. 58, 71 (1989). "Will establishes that the State and 14 the arms of the State, which have traditionally enjoyed Eleventh Amendment immunity, are not subject to suit under section 1983 in either federal or state court." Howlett v. Rose, 496 U.S. 356, 365 (1990). Therefore, Plaintiff's Section 17 1983 claims for monetary damages against the Washington Department of Corrections are dismissed for failure to state a claim upon which relief may be granted.

Plaintiff asserts that Defendant Sgt. John Turner issued a Mail Rejection that Defendant Lt. Daniel Hollibaugh upheld on December 12, 2019. ECF No. 15 at 7. He indicates a second Mail Rejection was issued and upheld by the same persons on January 9, 2020, concerning copies of the same documents. *Id.* at 9. Plaintiff avers that documents he had mailed out to be copied and returned to him were censored and he was "forced to mail out the document, interfering with Private 26 Legal Process and Access to the Courts/Legal System." *Id.* at 7. Plaintiff further asserts that the law library and contract attorneys do not "assist in Private Legal 28 (Administrative) Process."

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In the prior Order, the Court advised Plaintiff that he would need to identify an actual injury to his access to the court concerning a habeas challenge or a challenge to the conditions of his confinement. See Lewis v. Casey, 518 U.S. 343, 354 (1996); Simmons v. Sacramento Cty. Super. Ct., 318 F.3d 1156, 1159–60 (9th Cir. 2003) (explaining that "a prisoner has no constitutional right of access to the courts to litigate an unrelated civil claim."). ECF No. 14 at 6–7. Plaintiff has not done so. He has therefore failed to state an access to court claim upon which this Court may grant relief.

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Under "Count III," Plaintiff avers that Defendant Sgt. John Turner censored 10 and converted outgoing mail in January 2019, by allegedly forcing Plaintiff "to abide by" a U.S. Post Office requirement of "Private Identification Without Disclaimer" that Plaintiff claims does not apply to him. ECF No. 15 at 10. Plaintiff complains that Defendant Turner unnecessarily stamped "copy" all over Plaintiff's 14 document, a photocopy of an ID card. *Id.* He claims that Defendants Lt. Daniel Hollibaugh and Roy Gonzalez "upheld the Rejection." Id. at 10–11. Plaintiff states, "Eventually they were returned to my 'Record File,' meaning I cannot access them. If I attempt to re-send them, they will be censored again." Id. at 11. Plaintiff does not identify the actual injury to litigation challenging the fact or conditions of his confinement. Lewis, 518 U.S. at 354. His assertions of "Complete stifling of 20 Private Administrative Process. Complete abridgment of Private Right of Contract," ECF No. 15 at 11–14, are insufficient to state an access to court claim upon which this Court can grant relief.

The remaining allegations do not present facts from which the Court could infer that identified Defendants confiscated his incoming mail in a manner that was not reasonably related to the prison's legitimate penological interest in prison safety, or that they confiscated his outgoing mail in a manner that did not further a substantial governmental interest in prison safety. See Thornburgh v. Abbott, 490 28 U.S. 401, 413 (1989) (setting forth factors for evaluating a First Amendment claim

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relating to the regulation of incoming mail); Procunier v. Martinez, 416 U.S. 396, 413–14 (1974) (setting forth factors for evaluating a First Amendment claim relating to the regulation of outgoing mail), overruled on other grounds by 4 Thornburgh, 490 U.S. 401; see also Beard v. Banks, 548 U.S. 521, 528–30 (2006) (courts should accord "deference to the views of prison authorities"). Plaintiff alleged no facts from which the Court could infer that he was constitutionally injured by any denial of access to mail. See Morgan v. Montanye, 516 F.2d 1367, 1371 (2nd Cir. 1975). For the reasons set forth above and in the Court's prior order, ECF No. 14, 10 IT IS ORDERED the First Amended Complaint, ECF No. 15, is DISMISSED with prejudice for failure to state a claim upon which relief may be granted. 28 U.S.C. §§ 1915(e)(2) and 1915A(b)(1). Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g), enacted April 26, 1996, a prisoner who brings three or more civil actions or appeals which are dismissed as frivolous or for failure to state a claim will be precluded from bringing any other civil action or appeal in forma pauperis "unless the prisoner is under imminent danger of serious physical injury." 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g). Plaintiff is advised to read the statutory provisions under 28 U.S.C. § 1915. This dismissal of Plaintiff's complaint may count as one of the three dismissals allowed by 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g) and may 20 adversely affect his ability to file future claims. 24|| 26

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IT IS SO ORDERED. The Clerk of Court is directed to enter this Order, enter judgment, provide copies to Plaintiff at his last known address, and close the 3 file. The Clerk of Court is directed to forward a copy of this Order to the Office of 4 the Attorney General of Washington, Corrections Division. The Court certifies any 5 appeal of this dismissal would not be taken in good faith.

DATED this 30th day of December 2022.



Stanley A. Bastian Chief United States District Judge