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7 8	STATE OF WASHINGTON KING COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT	
9	THE STATE OF WASHINGTON,	NO.
10	Plaintiff,	AFFIDAVIT OF PROBABLE CAUSE
11	v.	
12	CHARLES EDWIN PILLON	
13	Defendant.	
14	Trooper Troy Giddings declares unde	r penalty of perjury of the laws of the state of
15	Washington that the following is true and corr	rect.
16	I have been employed with the Washington State Patrol since April 1993. I am	
17	currently assigned as the wrecking yard inspector in District 7 (Snohomish, Skagit, Whatcom,	
18	Island and San Juan counties). I have been held this assignment since 2003. I have extensive	
19 20	training in Vehicle Identification Numbers (VIN's) and vehicle component part identification. I	
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	have attended the Western States Project, introduction to criminal environmental investigations	
	and the Advanced Environmental Crimes Course hosted by the US Environmental Protection	
23	Agency (EPA). I have investigated over 150 suspects for wrecking of motor vehicles without a	
24 25	license (RCW. 46.80.020).	
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On August 24, 2006 I assisted with a search warrant at 15753 SE Renton-Issaquah
Road in Renton, WA. As a result of this warrant, Mr. Charles Pillon was convicted of illegal
wrecking/wrecking without a license in 2007 (see attached Judgement and Sentence for case 061-12433-9-KNT).

The following list includes information of waste being deposited onto the above listed property owned by Charles Pillon:

- On January 19, 2016 at approximately 0852 hours a white pickup truck was observed entering the property with a tarped load filling the truck bed. Approximately 16 minutes later the same truck exited the property without the load in the bed of the truck.
- On January 23, 2016 at approximately 0951 hours a white dump truck was observed entering the property with numerous black bags the truck bed. Approximately 23 minutes later the same truck exited the property without the load in the bed of the truck.
- On January 23, 2016 at approximately 1345 hours a dark blue or black truck was observed entering the property with what appeared to be yard waste in the truck bed. Approximately 17 minutes later the same truck exited the property without the load in the bed of the truck.
- On January 30, 2016 at approximately 1031 hours a white flatbed truck with tall sideboards was observed entering the property with a tarped load in the truck bed. Approximately 30 minutes later the same truck exited the property without the load in the bed of the truck.

On February 25, 2016 at approximately 0940 hours I served a search warrant with assistance from local, state and federal agencies. Mr. Charles E. Pillon was found to be residing at this location at the time the search warrant was served. King County assessor records show Mr. Charles E. Pillon as the owner of record for 15753 SE Renton-Issaquah Road in Renton, WA. Mr. Pillon was provided with a copy of the search warrant at this time.

Mr. Pillon admitted to allowing stripping/cutting up of recreational vehicles (RV's) and eparating the metals (both ferrous and non-ferrous) to be sold as scrap (a violation of RCW 6.80, RCW 46.79 and/or RCW 19.290). He continued to say that they cut up boat trailer trames and put the metal into a "tub" (the previously listed portable metal container that is

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approximately 20' long). Mr. Pillon stated they would occasionally throw loose fenders and hoods into the tub for recycling (a violation of RCW 46.80 and/or RCW 46.79). When the tub was full, he would contact Binford Metals to come and pick it up.

Mr. Michael Williams (a resident of the property) stated he had been living in a travel trailer on the Pillon property for about two years. During this time he bartered for his rent by doing yard work and facilitating dumping on Mr. Pillon's property. They allowed dumping of waste items such as yard waste, lumber, fencing and roofing materials. Mr. Williams told me that he has been scrapping RV's and boat trailers over the last two years. He cuts up boat trailers and RV frames and puts them into the tub (metal bin located on the property); this is a violation of RCW 46.80. Mr. Williams also stated he sorts copper, brass and aluminum to be sold as scrap (a violation of RCW 19.290).

At the time of the warrant I observed over 50 vehicles (including cars, trucks, trailers, ORV's and RV's) and several hundred tires on the property. Many vehicles were partially dismantled and/or cut up (this is a violation of RCW 46.80). Vehicle parts were scattered about the property. Dealing with the aforementioned major component parts requires a license as defined in RCW 46.80. As this is a subsequent violation of illegal wrecking/wrecking without a license, it is a class C felony.

Mr. Pillon is the purchaser of a boat and/or trailer, as well as numerous cars and trucks utilizing an Abandoned Vehicle Report (AVR). Of the aforementioned AVR's, 12 were motor vehicles and trailers. The AVR states that the applicant must file for title within 15 days of sale. None of the 12 vehicles or trailers had been titled in Mr. Pillon's name as required. This is a violation of RCW 46.12.670.

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During the service of the warrant on February 25, 2016 there was evidence of recent dumping activity onto the subject property. The waste and debris was very extensive and encompassed a majority of the usable property. A report titled "Stormwater Field Notes" was provided to me with notes/information from Washington Department of Ecology Inspectors Tracie Walters, Andrew Funk and Ben Billick. The report listed a site visit date of February 25, 2016 (the date of the search warrant). The inspection notes and observations listed the following:

- 1. Waste and debris is stored throughout the property. Waste materials that were observed included, but not limited to;
  - Construction debris: concrete, lumber, miscellaneous metals, roofing shingles, tiles.
  - Vehicles and vehicle components: automobiles, trucks, several fire trucks, one tanker truck, heavy equipment, boats, recreational vehicles, buses, tires, unidentified vehicle parts.
  - Miscellaneous chemical containers (some empty, some not). The contents of
    the chemical containers were not identified by Ecology, though some containers
    were labeled. Chemical containers included 55-gallon drums, 5-gallon buckets
    (labeled as paint, stain, finish, hydraulic oil), motor oil bottles, pesticide
    containers, numerous 6-gallon fertilizer bottles labeled "Jungle Juice", red fuel
    containers, cans of oil conditioner.
  - Piles of broken glass.
  - Household waste: furniture, toys, mattresses, clothing, hot tubs.
  - Organic material: vegetation debris, soil waste inside black plastic trash bags.
  - Wooden pallets.
  - Food and beverage containers.
  - Electronics: computer monitors, a television, computer components.
  - Appliances: microwaves, a washing machine.
- 2. Samples of running water collected at sample location #4, the outfall pipe to the roadside ditch;
  - Surface water quality standards were exceeded for iron, lead and zinc. Human
    Health Criteria were exceeded for iron and manganese. Ecology
    Hydrogeologist Christopher Martin analyzed the sampling results and
    concluded that the groundwater had elevated levels of arsenic, iron and
    manganese.

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Representative samples were obtained by US EPA. It is my belief that these samples provide evidence of Dangerous Waste Characteristics as defined in WAC 173-303-090. Multiple samples indicate a flashpoint that exhibits characteristics of ignitability. One sample indicates a pH greater than 12.5 which indicates characteristics of corrosivity. Other samples contained items exceeding Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for the Toxicity Characteristics on the Toxicity Characteristics List provided in WAC 173-303-090. These samples included Dangerous Waste such as lead, chromium and cadmium. Several samples obtained were identified as containing motor oil, #2 diesel, and lube oil. These types of products are common to motor vehicles, and consistent with products that would be found at an auto recycling facility.

An informational sampling report was provided by Jeffrey Fowlow (the on-scene coordinator for US EPA). The report provided sample results obtained during the search warrant on February 25, 2016 which includes Semivolatile Organic Compounds (SVOC's) and Total Toxicity Equivalent soil Concentration (TTEC).

## 1. Landfill area:

- One TAL metal (chromium) was detected in concentrations that exceed the MTCA Method A criteria in four of the six samples collected...
- Two SVOC's (benzo(a)pyrene and TTEC) were detected above the criteria.
- Motor oil range organics were detected in exceedance of the MTCA Method A criteria in two of the samples...

## 2. Workshop area:

- Two metals (cadmium and chromium) were detected in concentrations that exceed the MTCA Method A criteria.
- Two SVOC's (benzo(a)pyrene and TTEC) were detected at concentrations that exceed the site criteria.
- Motor oil range organics were detected above the MTCA Method A in one of three samples.

## 3. Bus/Recreational Vehicle Area:

• Two metals (cadmium and chromium) were detected in concentrations that exceed the MTCA Method A criteria.

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• Two SVOC's (benzo(a)pyrene and TTEC) were detected above the criteria.

I received historical information from Mr. Leonard DiToro who is employed by the environmental health services division of King County. The information provided displays an ongoing nuisance property located at 15753 SE Renton-Issaquah Road in Renton, WA. This property is owned by Mr. Charles E. Pillon. The executive summary report dated October 29, 2014 indicates the following activities and actions:

- The Environmental Health Services (EHS) has records and documentation of this property owner receiving, recycling, burning, and burying wastes over approximately 70% of the 10 acre parcel for over 20 years.
- WA State Department of Ecology, Public Health-Seattle and King County (PHSKC), King County Department of Natural Resources (DNRP), King County Department of Permitting and Review (DPER) have documented State Dangerous Waste regulation violations, King County Board of Health code violations, and King County Code stormwater and land use violations.
- Little to no activity has been taken by the owner to cease illegal operations or cleanup wastes brought onto the property.
- Site investigations and emergency response have noted evidence of waste incineration and smelting of metals that likely release chemicals and contaminated particles into the air.
- The owner has disposed of solid waste on his property without authorization or oversight by King County. The ongoing accumulation, burying, compacting, burning, and rearrangement of wastes on his property resulted in an undocumented landfill.
- DDES first notified the owner issues needed to be resolved in 1993 (DDES 2003).
  - Also included in the summary is information on surface water as follows:
- The site lies within the watershed of Tributary 0291A that drains into May Creek and subsequently into Lake Washington.
- Surface water on the site is presumed to follow the topography moving downhill toward May Creek from southwest to northeast.
- Two discharge streams of runoff were observed leaving the property during rainfall of April 2014.
- Upon reaching the road, the runoff enters a drain and travels below the surface (presumably in a storm drain) eastward and emerges approximately 100 feet away into a shallow ditch area that eventually discharges into Tributary 0291A. (This ultimately drains into Lake Washington.)

1	In 2006, Ecology (WA State Department of Ecology) performed a Dangerous Waste	
2	Compliance Inspection at the site. Several areas were not in compliance with regulations.	
3	Compliance problems included:	
4 5 6 7 8	<ul> <li>Failure to designate dangerous or extremely hazardous waste including biodiesel waste, tank sludge, unknown liquids in containers, shingles, electrical equipment, and others.</li> <li>Multiple uncontained oil releases to the environment.</li> <li>Unlabeled containers of "Used Oil" in shed.</li> <li>No records documenting that chlorofluorocarbons (CFC's) or hydrochlorofluorocarbons (HCFC's) were properly reclaimed prior to crushing cars.</li> <li>Unlabeled and poor storage of spent antifreeze.</li> </ul>	
9	DATED this 23rd day of August, 2016.	
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12	TROY GIDDINGS	
13	WASHINGTON STATE PATROL	
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