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8	STATE OF WASHINGTON KING COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT			
9	WASHINGTON STATE HUMAN	NO.		
10	RIGHTS COMMISSION, presenting the case in support of the complaint			
11	filed by EDNA BURKE and BARBARA BURKE-GLASCOCK,	COMPLAINT		
12	Plaintiff,			
13	v.			
14	MERRILL GARDENS L.L.C.; MERRILL GARDENS AT BURIEN, LLC dba MERRILL GARDENS AT			
15	BURIEN,			
16	Defendants.			
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18	I. INTRO	DDUCTION		
19	1.1 Plaintiff Washington State Humar	n Rights Commission (the Commission), by and		
20	through its attorney, Patricio A. Marquez, Assis	tant Attorney General, files this action against		
21	Defendants Merrill Gardens L.L.C. and Merril	l Gardens at Burien, LLC, doing business as		
22	Merrill Gardens at Burien, to remedy unlawful dis	scrimination in the rental of residential housing.		
23	1.2 This is an action under the Washi	ngton Law Against Discrimination (WLAD) to		

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correct unlawful and discriminatory housing practices, and to provide appropriate relief to

prospective resident Edna Burke, now deceased, and her daughter and representative Barbara

Burke-Glascock, who were adversely affected by such practices. The Commission alleges that the Merrill Gardens Defendants unlawfully discriminated against Ms. Burke, a member of a protected class, by unlawfully requiring information about her medical condition and/or disability as a term or condition of her application to reside at Merrill Gardens at Burien, in violation of RCW 49.60.030(1)(c) and RCW 49.60.222(1)(b), and making statements that such medical information was necessary before Defendants would agree to rent to Ms. Burke, in violation of RCW 49.60.030(1)(c), RCW 49.60.222(1)(g), and WAC 162-38-110. When Ms. Burke declined to provide the unlawfully requested information, the Commission alleges that the Merrill Gardens Defendants further discriminated against her in violation of RCW 49.60.030(1)(c) and RCW 49.60.222(1)(a) when they refused to rent to her.

## II. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 2.1 The Commission has jurisdiction to prosecute this case. RCW 49.60.030(2), RCW 49.60.340(1)-(2). RCW 49.60.240(1)(c) requires the Commission to investigate housing discrimination complaints, and if it makes a finding of reasonable cause to believe discrimination has occurred, to seek relief for such discrimination. If, after a finding of reasonable cause, an agreement to eliminate the unfair practice is not reached, the Complainant or Respondents may elect to have the claims on which reasonable cause was found decided in a civil action in superior court under RCW 49.60.030(2). RCW 49.60.340(1)-(2). After the Commission's reasonable cause finding, Complainant made such an election.
- 2.2 This Court has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to RCW 49.60.340(2), as the Commission has commenced this action within thirty days of Complainant's election to have the claims herein decided in a civil action under RCW 49.60.030(2).
- **2.3** The violations alleged in this Complaint were committed in whole or in part in King County. Venue is thus proper in King County pursuant to RCW 4.12.020. Defendants transact business in King County, such that venue is also proper in King County pursuant to RCW 4.12.025.

1	III. PARTIES	
2	<b>3.1</b> Plaintiff is the Washington State Human Rights Commission.	
3	3.2 Defendant Merrill Gardens L.L.C. is a Washington for-profit, limited liability	
4	company that owns and operates senior living communities.	
5	3.3 Defendant Merrill Gardens at Burien, LLC dba Merrill Gardens at Burien, is a	
6	Washington for-profit, limited liability company that owns and/or operates the senior living	
7	community known as Merrill Gardens at Burien.	
8	IV. FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS	
9	<b>4.1</b> Defendant Merrill Gardens L.L.C. is headquartered in Seattle, Washington. On	
10	information and belief, Merrill Gardens L.L.C. owns and/or operates at least 33 senior living	
11	communities in at least 9 states—Alabama, Arizona, California, Florida, Georgia, Missouri,	
12	Nevada, South Carolina, and Washington. This includes at least 8 senior living communities in	
13	Washington: Merrill Gardens at Auburn (18 1st Street SE, Auburn, WA 98002); Merrill Gardens	
14	at Ballard (2418 NW 56th Street, Seattle, WA 98107); Merrill Gardens at Burien (15020 5th	
15	Avenue SW, Burien, WA 98166); Merrill Gardens at First Hill (1421 Minor Avenue, Seattle,	
16	WA 98101); Merrill Gardens at Kirkland (14 Main Street South, Kirkland, WA 98033); Merrill	
17	Gardens at Renton Centre (104 Burnett Avenue S, Renton, WA 98057); Merrill Gardens at	
18	Tacoma (7290 Rosemount Circle, Tacoma, WA 98645); and Merrill Gardens at The University	
19	(5300 24th Avenue NE, Seattle, WA 98105).	
20	4.2 Defendant Merrill Gardens at Burien, LLC does business as Merrill Gardens at	
21	Burien. Merrill Gardens at Burien offers independent living, assisted living, and memory care	
22	services.	
23	4.3 Merrill Gardens at Burien has 126 apartments with a maximum occupancy	
24	capacity of 252 residents. In addition to offering independent living, Merrill Gardens at Burien	
25	is also licensed by the Washington Department of Social and Health Services to provide assisted	
26	living care and services to approximately 45 adults.	

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**4.4** Merrill Gardens requires all persons seeking residency to undergo a "preadmission nursing assessment" and submit a "medical health statement" completed by their doctor "to confirm they are appropriate for the community." Merrill Gardens states that these medical inquiries are required by state laws governing assisted living facilities. On information and belief, this is the policy at each of the Merrill Gardens Defendants' Washington properties.

- 4.5 Merrill Gardens' statements regarding the legal requirement for particular medical inquiries are incorrect. Washington state regulations only require "preadmission assessments" for "prospective residents" of "assisted living facilities," as those terms are defined by rule. See WAC 388-78A-2020 (defining "assisted living facility" and "prospective resident"); WAC 388-78A-2060 (defining "preadmission assessments"). Individuals seeking to reside in an independent living unit within an assisted living facility are not "prospective residents" subject to the "preadmission assessment" requirement. See WAC 388-78A-2020 (defining "assisted living" and "resident").
- **4.6** Washington state regulations also make clear that assisted living facilities "must comply with all other applicable federal, state, county and municipal statutes, rules, codes and ordinances, including without limitations those that prohibit discrimination." WAC 388-78A-2040.
- **4.7** On or about June 3, 2016, Ms. Burke's daughter and representative, Ms. Burke-Glascock, contacted Merrill Gardens at Burien to inquire about Ms. Burke becoming a resident there. At the time, Ms. Burke was residing at a similar senior living community in Bellevue, Washington that offers independent living. Ms. Burke resided at the senior living community in Bellevue in an independent living, two-bedroom apartment with private hire, live-in caregivers.
- **4.8** Ms. Burke-Glascock was seeking to move her mother closer to her home in West Seattle and was looking for the same living arrangement at Merrill Gardens—a two-bedroom apartment, independent living unit, so that her mother could continue to reside with her private-

**COMPLAINT** 

hire, licensed, live-in caregivers. According to Ms. Burke-Glascock, her mother's caregivers allowed Ms. Burke to live independently without assisted-living services.

- 4.9 On or about June 7, 2016, Ms. Burke-Glascock visited Merrill Gardens and met with Debbie Woodworth, the General Manager, and another employee. She explained that she was interested in moving her mother into Merrill Gardens and was looking for an independent living unit—a two-bedroom apartment so that Ms. Burke's private-hire, independent live-in caregivers could continue to live with and care for her. Ms. Woodworth asked why Ms. Burke needed 24-hour care, and Ms. Burke-Glascock explained her mother's medical condition and disabilities.
- **4.10** On July 29, 2016, Ms. Burke and Ms. Burke-Glascock signed a reservation agreement for a two-bedroom apartment, #324, where Ms. Burke could reside with her personal live-in caregivers in independent living status. The monthly apartment rental fee started at \$5,495.00. Ms. Burke-Glascock also paid \$1,500.00 as part of the reservation fee to hold the apartment.
- 4.11 On November 15, 2016, Ms. Burke-Glascock attended a "Prepare for Your Move" meeting hosted by Merrill Gardens. At the meeting, Ms. Woodworth provided meeting attendees with a letter welcoming them to Merrill Gardens and advising them of a number of forms that needed to be provided prior to move-in day. The letter states in relevant part, "[o]ur community provides Independent Living, Assisted Living and Memory Care. All communities that provide assisted living services are required to get a Medical Health Statement from the resident's doctor prior to move-in and to do an evaluation of each resident to confirm that they are appropriate for the community."
- **4.12** The Medical Health Statement indicates: "Merrill Gardens takes pride in providing quality assisted living services to our residents. Our license requires a health examination by a licensed physician or nurse practitioner to assist in determining whether the person is appropriate for care in our non-medical community. Your evaluation is important

because we do not provide skilled nursing care. Health exams are only valid if done within 60 days prior to a resident moving into the community. Please complete this form and, where applicable, perform a Tuberculosis (TB) test. The following resident/patient authorizes release of medical information to Merrill Gardens."

- **4.13** Ms. Woodworth verbally advised attendees at the meeting that, without the health paperwork and medical assessment, prospective residents could not move in.
- **4.14** These requirements did not sit well with Ms. Burke-Glascock, as the Bellevue senior living community in which her mother was currently living had not required any "medical health statement" or "pre-admission nursing assessment" before her mother was allowed to move into that facility. Neither did it seem necessary or appropriate for someone who was going to reside in an independent living unit.
- **4.15** Ms. Burke-Glascock did some research to investigate her concerns. The information she discovered, including from speaking with staff at the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) office in Seattle and the Washington Department of Social and Health Services' Residential Care Services unit, confirmed that Merrill Gardens could not request medical information in connection with Ms. Burke's application to reside in independent living.
- **4.16** On November 21, 2016, Ms. Burke-Glascock sent a letter to Ms. Woodworth confirming that Ms. Burke had applied for "independent living occupancy" at Merrill Gardens and had submitted a refundable deposit for "an independent living status," unlicensed apartment (unit #324)—not assisted living. In the letter, Ms. Burke-Glascock advised Ms. Woodworth that Ms. Burke would "be declining the medical assessment and not provide unnecessary medical information since Merrill Gardens Burien will not be providing licensed medical care services to or for her."
- **4.17** On January 27, 2017, Ms. Woodworth advised Ms. Burke-Glascock by email that, as discussed, "a Medical Health statement and nurse evaluation is part of [Merrill Gardens']

	move-in process I have reviewed your prior emails and requests with our corporate office	
2	and we can't waive either the Medical Health statement or the nurse evaluation. We believe ou	
3	policies are in the best interest of all of our residents."	
4	4.18 On February 17, 2017, Ms. Burke-Glascock sent an email to Ms. Woodworth	
5	stating, "[o]ur position about the medical evaluation and medical health statement was outlined	
6	in my letter to you November 21, 2016. Am I to conclude from your email to me Jan. 27, 2017.	
7	that since my mother will not be completing either as there is no related need to do so (applying	
8	for independent living with full-time private duty care giving services that negate the need for	
9	facility services) that you and Merrill Gardens are denying her application for tenancy?"	
10	<b>4.19</b> On March 3, 2017, Ms. Woodworth sent Ms. Burke-Glascock an email advising	
11	her that, "our Merrill Garden standard is to require all potential residents to have a physician	
12	completed Medical Health Statement and a Merrill Garden nurse evaluation. Since you have	
13	refused to comply with these requirements we cannot accept [Ms. Burke] as a resident. If you	
14	would like to reconsider your stance on the Medical Health Statement and nurse evaluation we	
15	would be happy to consider [Ms. Burke] for resident status and move forward toward move-in.	
16	If not, we will release apartment 324 and return your deposit and reservation fee."	
17	<b>4.20</b> On March 9, 2017, Ms. Woodworth advised Ms. Burke-Glascock by email that	
18	Merrill Gardens would issue her a refund check.	
19	4.21 Ms. Burke and Ms. Burke-Glascock were harmed and suffered damages as a	
20	result of the Merrill Gardens Defendants' actions.	
21	<b>4.22</b> In August 2017, Ms. Burke passed away.	
22	V. CAUSES OF ACTION	
22	FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION	
23	(Violation of the Washington Law Against Discrimination – Discrimination in the Terms	
23	and Conditions for the Rental of Property)	

1	5.2	Individuals have the right to be free from discrimination because of disability,
2	including, bu	t not limited to, the right to engage in real estate transactions without discrimination.
3	RCW 49.60.030(1)(c).	
4	5.3	It is an unfair practice to discriminate against a person in the terms, conditions,
5	or privileges	of a housing/real estate transaction or in the furnishing of facilities or services in
6	connection therewith because of disability. RCW 49.60.222(1)(b).	
7	5.4	Defendants unlawfully discriminated in the terms, conditions, and privileges of
8	housing against Ms. Burke and Ms. Burke-Glascock by requiring a "medical health statement,"	
9	release of medical information, and "pre-admission nursing assessment" from Ms. Burke before	
10	Defendants	would agree to rent an independent living unit to her, in violation of
11	RCW 49.60.030(1)(c) and RCW 49.60.222(1)(b).	
12	SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION	
13	(Violation of the Washington Law Against Discrimination – Discriminatory Statements)	
14	5.5	The Commission re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth
15	in each of the	preceding paragraphs of this Complaint.
16	5.6	Individuals have the right to be free from discrimination because of disability,
17	including, but not limited to, the right to engage in real estate transactions without discrimination	
18	RCW 49.60.030(1)(c).	
19	5.7	It is an unfair practice to use a form of application to rent property, or to make a
20	record or inquiry in connection with the prospective rental of property, which indicates, directly	
21	or indirectly, an intent to make a limitation, specification, or discrimination with respect thereto.	
22	RCW 49.60.222(1)(g). This includes inquiring into matters personal to a disabled applicant	
23	beyond what	is necessary and appropriate to the landlord-tenant relationship. WAC 162-38-110.
24	5.8	Defendants unlawfully discriminated against Ms. Burke and Ms. Burke-Glascock
25	by stating tha	t a "medical health statement," release of medical information, and "pre-admission
26	nursing asses	sment" from Ms. Burke was necessary before Defendants would agree to rent an
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1	independent living unit to her, in violation of RCW 49.60.030(1)(c), RCW 49.60.222(1)(g), and	
2	WAC 162-38-110.	
3 4	THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION (Violation of the Washington Law Against Discrimination – Discriminatory Refusal to Rent Property)	
5	<b>5.9</b> The Commission re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth	
6	in each of the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint.	
7	5.10 Individuals have the right to be free from discrimination because of disability,	
8	including, but not limited to, the right to engage in real estate transactions without discrimination	
9	RCW 49.60.030(1)(c).	
10	<b>5.11</b> It is an unfair practice to refuse to rent property to a prospective tenant because	
11	of a disability. RCW 49.60.222(1)(a).	
12	5.12 Defendants unlawfully discriminated against Ms. Burke and Ms. Burke-Glascock	
13	when they declined to provide a "medical health statement," release of medical information, and	
14	"pre-admission nursing assessment" from Ms. Burke in order to be approved to rent ar	
15	independent living unit, and Merrill Gardens at Burien refused to rent to Ms. Burke, in violation	
16	of RCW 49.60.030(1)(c) and RCW 49.60.222(1)(a).	
17	VI. PRAYER FOR RELIEF	
18	WHEREFORE, Plaintiff Washington State Human Rights Commission prays that the	
19	Court:	
20	<b>6.1</b> Adjudge and decree that Defendants have engaged in the conduct complained of	
21	herein.	
22	6.2 Adjudge and decree that Defendants' conduct violated the Washington Law Against	
23	Discrimination, including RCW 49.60.030(1)(c), RCW 49.60.222(1)(a)-(b) and (g), and	
24	WAC 162-38-110.	
25	<b>6.3</b> Enjoin Defendants from discriminating, imposing different terms and conditions	
26	for the rental of housing, refusing to rent to individuals because of disability, and making,	
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1	printing, circulating, or posting statements, advertisements, or forms that indicate an intention to	
2	make a limita	ation, specification or discrimation with respect to disability.
3	6.4	Order other equitable relief which the Court finds necessary to eliminate the
4	effects of pas	t discrimination, to prevent future discrimination, and to place Ms. Burke-Glascock
5	as close as p	ossible to the position she would have been in but for the discrimination. This
6	includes retai	ning jurisdiction, if necessary, to fully effectuate this Court's order.
7	6.5	Award damages or other appropriate monetary relief to Ms. Burke and
8	Ms. Burke-G	lascock in an amount to be proven at trial.
9	6.6	Assess a civil penalty against Defendants in the amount of \$10,000 pursuant to
10	RCW 49.60.2	225(1)(a).
11	6.7	Award such other relief as the Court may deem just and proper.
12		
13	DATED this 11th day of December 2020.	
14		ROBERT W. FERGUSON
15		Attorney General
16		Pat A. n
17		PATRICIO A. MARQUEZ, WSBA #47693 Assistant Attorney General
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